

## HOMWORK ASSIGNMENT 4, Math 425

Name:

Due: Friday February 14, 8PM

### PROBLEM 0: STRAUSS, SECTION 2.4 #16, P.54

Solve the diffusion equation with constant dissipation:

$$u_t - u_{xx} + bu = 0 \text{ for } -\infty < x < \infty, \text{ with } u(x, 0) = \phi(x),$$

where  $b > 0$  is a constant. (Hint: Make the change of variables  $u(x, t) = e^{-bt}v(x, t)$ .)

### PROBLEM 1: STRAUSS, SECTION 2.4 #1, P.52

Solve the diffusion equation with the initial condition

$$\phi(x) = 1 \quad \text{for } |x| < l \quad \text{and} \quad \phi(x) = 0 \quad \text{for } |x| > l.$$

Write your answer in terms of  $\text{Erf}(x)$ .

### PROBLEM 2: STRAUSS, SECTION 2.4 #6, P.52

Compute  $\int_0^\infty e^{-x^2} dx$ . Hint: This is a function that cannot be integrated by formula. So use the following trick: Transform the double integral  $\int_0^\infty e^{-x^2} dx \int_0^\infty e^{-y^2} dy$  into polar coordinates and you'll end up with a function that can be integrated easily.

### PROBLEM 3: STRAUSS, SECTION 2.4 #11, P.53

- Consider the heat equation on the whole line with the usual initial condition  $u(x, 0) = \phi(x)$ . Show that, if  $\phi(x)$  is an odd function, then the solution  $u(x, t)$  is also an odd function of  $x$ . Hint: Consider  $u(-x, t) + u(x, t)$  and use uniqueness.
- Show that the same is true if odd is replaced by even.
- Show that the analogous statements are true for the wave equation.

### PROBLEM 4 STRAUSS, SECTION 2.4 #17, P.54

Solve the diffusion equation with variable dissipation:

$$u_t - ku_{xx} + bt^2u = 0 \quad \text{for } -\infty < x < \infty \quad \text{with } u(x, 0) = \phi(x),$$

where  $b > 0$  is a constant. Hint: The solutions of the ODE  $w_t + bt^2w = 0$  are  $Ce^{-bt^3/3}$ . So make the change of variables  $u(x, t) = e^{-bt^3/3}v(x, t)$  and derive an equation for  $v$ .

PROBLEM 5: STRAUSS, SECTION 2.4 #19, P.54

(a) Show that  $S_2(x, t, t) = S(x, t)S(y, t)$  satisfies the two-dimensional diffusion equation:  $S_t = k(S_{xx} + S_{yy})$ .

(b) Deduce that  $S_2(x, y, t)$  is the source function for two-dimensional diffusions (i.e., that the general solution is given as convolutions with this source).

PROBLEM 6: STRAUSS, SECTION 3.1 #1, P.60

Solve  $u_t = ku_{xx}$ ,  $u(x, 0) = e^{-x}$ ,  $u(0, t) = 0$  on the half-line  $0 < x < \infty$ .

PROBLEM 7: STRAUSS, SECTION 3.3 #1, P.70

Solve the inhomogeneous diffusion problem on the half-line

$$\begin{aligned} v_t - kv_{xx} &= f(x, t) && \text{for } 0 < x < \infty, 0 < t < \infty, \\ v(0, t) &= 0, && v(x, 0) = \phi(x). \end{aligned}$$

PROBLEM 8:

Review all the material so far for the first midterm (Lecture notes 1 to 8).